MA 61: Surface Magnetism V - Invited Talk

Time: Friday 10:15-10:45

We present results of a combined experimental and theoretical study of spin-polarized electron confinement on individual nm small Co islands on Cu(111) [1]. Spin-polarized low-temperature STM in magnetic fields is used [2] to identify and prepare parallel (P) and antiparallel (AP) states of the magnetization orientation between a Co island and the magnetic tip of the STM. We find a pronounced spatial modulation of the differential conductance within one island, which is ascribed to electron confinement. The modulation patterns for P and AP magnetization states differ. Maps of the asymmetry of the differential conductance show strong spatial variations, where the contrast depends on the gap voltage. These results are ascribed to a spatial modulation of the spin-polarization within the Co islands. In conjunction with theory we conclude that the modulation of the spinpolarization, and its variation with energy, can be described by the relative magnitudes of the spin-resolved density of states, where the spatial modulation is mainly due to electron confinement of majority electrons. [1] H. Oka, P. Ignatiev, S. Wedekind, G. Rodary, L. Niebergall, V. Stepanyuk, D. Sander, J. Kirschner, Science 327, 843 (2010). [2] G. Rodary, S. Wedekind, H. Oka, D. Sander, J. Kirschner, Appl. Phys. Lett. 95, 152513 (2009).