Location: H15

DS 22: Gaede Prize Talk - Kirsten von Bergmann

Time: Wednesday 13:15-13:55

Prize Talk	$DS \ 22.1$	Wed 13:15	H15
Complex magnetic order on the atomic scale — \bullet Kirsten von			
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Magnetism in low-dimensions is a versatile topic and broken inversion symmetry due to the presence of a surface can induce the formation of complex magnetic order. Here the driving force for the canting of adjacent magnetic moments is the spin-orbit induced Dzyaloshinskii-Moriya interaction. Thin magnetic films on heavy substrates are good candidates for this kind of surface-induced non-collinear magnetic states with unique rotational sense.

Spin-polarized scanning tunneling microscopy (SP-STM) combines magnetic sensitivity with high lateral resolution and therefore grants access to such complex magnetic order with unit cells on the nanometer scale. Several non-collinear magnetic ground states, such as spin spirals where the spin rotates from one atom to the next, habe been observed [1-3]; while in uniaxial systems only one propagation direction is found, in biaxial systems rotational domains of spin spirals are present. In the case of the monolayer Fe on Ir(111) a combination of different magnetic interactions, including higher-order interactions, leads to a two-dimensional lattice of magnetic skyrmions on the atomic scale [4,5].

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- [2] P. Ferriani et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 101, 27201 (2008).
- [3] M. Menzel et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 197204 (2012).
- [4] K. von Bergmann et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 96, 167203 (2006).
- [5] S. Heinze et al., Nature Phys. 7, 713 (2011).