

DS 1: Invited – Mitzi

Time: Monday 10:15–11:00

Location: GER 37

Invited Talk

DS 1.1 Mon 10:15 GER 37

High-performance liquid- and vacuum-processed CZTSSe photovoltaic devices — •DAVID B. MITZI¹, OKI GUNAWAN¹, TEODOR K. TODOROV¹, AARON R. BARKHOUSE¹, KEJIA WANG¹, BYUNGH A SHIN¹, RICHARD HAIGHT¹, SUPRATIK GUHA¹, KATHLEEN B. REUTER¹, THOMAS GOISLARD DE MONSABERT¹, S. JAY CHEY¹, and ANDREW J. KELLOCK² — ¹IBM T. J. Watson Research Center, Yorktown Heights, NY, USA — ²IBM Almaden Research Center, San Jose, CA, USA

While thin-film CdTe and CIGS (Cu-In-Ga-Se) photovoltaic technologies are increasing market share due to their cost competitiveness and high performance, reliance on the expensive and/or scarce

elements Ga, In and Te, or the heavy metal Cd, has presented a potential obstacle to the target of terawatt deployment using these materials. The kesterites, $\text{Cu}_2\text{ZnSnS}_{4-y}\text{Se}_y$ (CZTSSe), are considered a promising alternative because of similar electronic properties to the two leading technologies and low-cost, readily-available constituents. This talk will focus on recent developments in fabricating high-performance CZTSSe devices. First, a simple particle-based liquid approach has been employed to prepare photovoltaic devices with a glass/Mo/CZTSSe ($y > 2$)/CdS/i-ZnO/ITO structure and with power conversion efficiencies of $> 9.5\%$, a record for the kesterites. Using a vacuum-based coevaporation approach, power conversion efficiencies of as high as 7