Working Group "Young DPG" Arbeitsgruppe junge DPG (AGjDPG)

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Overview of Invited Talks and Sessions

Fund your Research - Fördermöglichkeiten in der Wissenschaft

AGjDPG 2.1	Tue	14:00-14:30	HSZ 02	Vom Antrag zur Finanzierung - Fördermöglichkeiten der DFG $-$
				•Karin Zach
AGjDPG 2.2	Tue	14:30-15:00	HSZ 02	Die Fördermöglichkeiten des Bundes für Forschungsprojekte und
				den innovativen Mittelstand — •Alexandra Bender
AGjDPG 2.3	Tue	15:00-15:30	HSZ 02	Funding Opportunities Provided by the German Academic Ex-
				change Service (DAAD) — •HOLGER FINKEN
AGjDPG 2.4	Tue	15:30 - 16:00	HSZ 02	Crafting a competitive grant application. — \bullet TOBIAS KLOSE

Sessions

AGjDPG 1.1–1.8	Tue	9:30 - 15:00	HSZ 04	PhD Symposium: Quantum Magnets: Frustration and
				Topology in Experiment and Theory (jointly with MA)
AGjDPG 2.1–2.4	Tue	14:00-16:00	HSZ 02	Fund your Research - Fördermöglichkeiten in der Wis-
				senschaft
AGjDPG 3	Tue	20:00-22:00	HSZ 01	EinsteinSlam
AGjDPG 4.1–4.1	Wed	9:30-12:30	HSZ 301	Workshop on crafting the story of a competitive grant ap-
				plication
AGjDPG 5.1–5.1	Wed	15:00 - 18:00	HSZ 301	Projekt Startup

AGjDPG 1: PhD Symposium: Quantum Magnets: Frustration and Topology in Experiment and Theory (jointly with MA)

Organizers: Boris Celan, Leonie Heinze, Niklas Casper, Jonas Richter, Benjamin Köhler (TU Braunschweig)

Quantum magnetism is a very active area of condensed matter physics. In the last decades, this fascinating field has highly profited from the fruitful interplay of experiment and theory. It is a genuinely interdisciplinary area of research, linking across many different subfield boundaries, ranging from condensed matter and statistical physics, via ultra cold atomic gases, spin- and heat caloritronics, classical and quantum information theory, to questions in material design and device technology. Frustrated quantum magnets can be realized in spin systems in which localized magnetic moments interact through competing exchange interactions that cannot be simultaneously satisfied. Such spin systems may be frustrated due to a multitude of reasons, e. g., quantum chemistry can lead to competing exchange paths or lattice geometry can induce frustration. Furthermore, spin-orbit interactions may lead to pseudo-spins with frustrating compass interactions and higher-order exchange can generate frustration through ring exchange. On the classical level frustration gives rise to a large degeneracy of the system ground state. Frustration occurs due to geometrical reasons or higher order exchange processes. On the quantum level this might lead to the emergence of unconventional solid and liquid phases with exotic excitations. In this context, the possibility of spin liquids is quite interesting from a theoretical as well as from an experimental point of view. While in early days spin liquids have merely been considered to be magnets which lack any type of long range order down to T=0, it has only been realized very recently that such liquids are a novel form of correlated matter which shows topological order and intimately linked to that, fractionalized excitations. In theory, the formation of such matter defies a description in terms of standard Ginzburg-Landau theory and it seems fair to say, that its physics is far from being understood. In experiment, first potentially promising candidates may have been synthesized, such as e. g. triangular magnets in organics, quantum spin ice on pyrochlores, and Kitaev model variants in iridates. Yet, the search for definite materials is still ongoing. All in all, the study of frustrated quantum magnets reveals new physics and generates contributions to the development of novel materials. The investigation of quantum magnets is however a challenging problem. On the theoretical side numerous sophisticated methods have been developed and applied to gain insight into the properties of spin models, e. g. emergent gauge, and topological field theories, DMRG methods, tensor networks, variational Monte-Carlo and others. On the experimental side extensive material design has to be combined with a multitude of state-of-art probes, like nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) and muon spin resonance (mu-SR), RIXS, INS, Raman, electron and tunneling spectroscopies as well as transport, high magnetic field, and thermodynamic measurements in order to identify potentially interesting compounds.

Time: Tuesday 9:30-15:00

Welcome and Introduction

Invited TalkAGjDPG 1.1Tue 9:45HSZ 04Frustrated Quantum Magnets: Theory — •MATTHIAS VOJTA —Technische Universität Dresden, Germany

This tutorial will cover theoretical concepts of frustrated magnetism. It will start from the classical degeneracies induced by strong geometric frustration, discuss order-by-disorder phenomena, and lay out ideas for quantum spin liquids. The emergence of fractionalized excitations and artificial gauge fields will be discussed using explicit microscopic models. Physical signatures of these emergent phenomena will be high-lighted. Further topics will include frustration in metallic systems, quantum phase transitions in the presence of frustration, and the role of quenched disorder. Throughout the talk, links to concrete materials will be pointed out.

Invited TalkAGjDPG 1.2Tue 10:30HSZ 04Ground State Selection in Quantum Pyrochlore Magnets- •BRUCE D. GAULIN — McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario,
Canada

Rare-earth (RE) based cubic pyrochlore magnets, with composition $RE_2B_2O_7$, are characterized by having RE^{3+} ions decorate a network of corner-sharing tetrahedra, one of the canonical architectures supporting geometric frustration in three dimensions. For a given $RE_2B_2O_7$ series, such as with the non-magnetic $B=Ti^{4+}$, crystalline electric field effects give different anisotropies for the magnetic RE ion, while varying crystal chemistry results in different magnetic interactions. The combination of these two produces a remarkable diversity of exotic magnetic ground states across a series such as $RE_2Ti_2O_7$. I will describe this series of materials, and point out how local XY

Location: HSZ 04

Tuesday

anisotropy gives rise to $S_{effective}=1/2$ quantum spins for Yb₂Ti₂O₇ and Er₂Ti₂O₇. These two quantum pyrochlore magnets display very different ground states, a highly disordered, candidate quantum spin ice state in Yb₂Ti₂O₇, and a non-linear Neel state selected by the "order-by-disorder" mechanism for Er₂Ti₂O₇, due to their net ferromagnetic and antiferromagnetic interactions, respectively. I will focus mainly on experimental techniques, principally neutron scattering and heat capacity measurements, that can provide microscopic information on both the ground state and the excitations within the exotic ground states which these materials display.

15 min. break

Invited TalkAGjDPG 1.3Tue 11:30HSZ 04Effects of anisotropic exchange in strong spin-orbit coupledmagnets• NATALIAPERKINSUniversity of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA

Recently, the Jackeli-Khaliullin Kitaev (JKK) materials on various two- and three-dimensional tri-coordinated lattices, which are believed to be proximate to the Kitaev Quantum spin liquid, have attracted a lot of attention. In all these materials, the geometry of the lattices with edge-sharing octahedra of ligand ions is such that it gives rise to the dominant Kitaev interactions between effective j=1/2 magnetic moments of the transition metal ions. Nevertheless, the experimental studies of the JKK materials have shown that at sufficiently low temperatures and ambient pressure all of them order magnetically. These findings suggest that experimentally relevant super-exchange models must contain other subdominant interactions between magnetic moments in addition to the Kitaev coupling. In my talk I will discuss the effects of these anisotropies. I will show that the Kitaev spin liquid is

very fragile with respect to the both second neighbor Kitaev interaction and the off-diagonal symmetric exchange anisotropy. I will also show that the off-diagonal exchange anisotropy drives the model to a classical spin liquid phase, characterized by an extensive number of ground states and ultra-short, highly anisotropic spin-spin correlations.

Invited TalkAGjDPG 1.4Tue 12:00HSZ 04Numerical Approaches toFrustrated Quantum Magnets —•STEPHAN RACHEL — Institute for Theoretical Physics, TU Dresden,
Germany

Frustrated magnetism is one of the most vibrant and exciting fields of modern condensed matter physics. In particular, frustrated magnets are the hiding places of quantum spin liquids, a state of matter which does not exhibit magnetic long-range order but which possesses fractionalized elementary excitations. In this talk, I will give an overview of the numerical methods available for the investigation of frustrated magnets and discuss advantages and limitations. In particular, I will focus on recent developments for the investigation of three-dimensional quantum magnets and the search of spin liquid states.

AGjDPG 1.5 Tue 12:30 HSZ 04

Thermal and spin transport properties of frustrated spin-1/2 chains in high magnetic fields — •JAN STOLPP¹, CHRISTOPH KARRASCH², SHANG-SHUN ZHANG³, CRISTIAN BATISTA³, and FABIAN HEIDRICH-MEISNER¹ — ¹Arnold Sommerfeld Center for Theoretical Physics - Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München — ²Dahlem Center for Complex Quantum Systems and Fachbereich Physik, Freie Universität Berlin — ³Department of Physics, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and Oak Ridge National Laboratory

We perform a full diagonalization study of frustrated spin-1/2 chains (i.e. spin-1/2 chains with nearest and next nearest neighbor interaction) in the presence of an external magnetic field. The thermal and spin conductivity are computed from Kubo formulae as a function of frustration and field strength. We are especially interested in the transport properties in the vector chiral phase that appears in the phase diagram at strong frustration and in a high field. We observe an enhanced low-frequency response in the high-field vector chiral phase which we trace back to a renormalization and enhancement of the characteristic velocity.

Lunch break

Invited TalkAGjDPG 1.6Tue 13:45HSZ 04Nuclear Probes on Frustrated Magnets — •PHILIPPE MENDELS— Lab. Physique des Solides, Univ. Paris-Sud, Orsay, France

NMR and μ SR are two local powerful probes which often complement thermodynamic and neutron studies. I will first briefly introduce these two techniques and the parameter ranges (pressure, temperature, field) in which they can operate. I will then show how they give access to important information in the case of frustrated magnets: magnetic ordering, phase diagrams and magnetic fluctuations, spin liquid phases, field induced spin textures, opening of spin gaps. This will cover various up to date cases, triangular magnets, quantum spin ice, spin liquids... In the last part of my talk, I will show on one emblematic example of a kagome antiferromagnet, herbertsmithite, $\text{ZnCu}_3(\text{OH})_6\text{Cl}_2$, how NMR can separate the contribution of defects from that of intrinsic properties and the unique outcomes which such experiments can bring.

Invited TalkAGjDPG 1.7Tue 14:15HSZ 04Complex spin structures and multifunctional magnetism•VIVIEN ZAPF — National High Magnetic Field Lab, Los Alamos National Lab

There has been a recent surge of interest in multiferroics where magnetism and ferroelectricity are coupled to each other. In particular, complex magnetic spin textures such as skyrmions and other noncoplanar spin patterns can produce the necessary symmetry breaking to couple to ferroelectricity. I will discuss spatial inversion symmetry breaking in quantum and classical magnets and the microscopic coupling mechanisms between magnetism and ferroelectricity. I will review work at the National High Magnetic Field Lab, charting the phase diagrams of frustrated, quantum, and other complex spin systems to extended temperature and magnetic field which, conjunction with theory, can reveal important underlying information about the magnetic Hamiltonian.

AGjDPG 1.8 Tue 14:45 HSZ 04 Dimensional reduction due to geometric frustration – a case study — •ULRICH TUTSCH¹, BURKHARD SCHMIDT², LARS POSTULKA¹, BERND WOLF¹, NATALIJA VAN WELL¹, FRANZ RITTER¹, CORNELIUS KRELLNER¹, WOLF ASSMUS¹, and MICHAEL LANG¹ — ¹Physikalisches Institut, Goethe-Universität Frankfurt, SFB/TR 49, 60438 Frankfurt (M), Germany — ²Max-Planck-Institut für Chemische Physik fester Stoffe, 01187 Dresden, Germany

Theoretical studies suggest that the frustrating zigzag bonds between the spin chains in triangular-lattice Heisenberg antiferromagnets gives rise to one-dimensional behaviour as long as $J'/J \leq 0.7$. $Cs_2CuCl_{4-x}Br_x$ ($0 \leq x \leq 4$) represents a good realization of such a system where the ratio J'/J of the in-plane spin-spin exchange coupling constants varies from 0.30 (x = 0) to 0.63 (x = 2), thus providing a well-suited model system for testing the frustration-induced dimensional-reduction scenario.

Here, we present specific heat data below 1 K for the compounds $Cs_2CuCl_2Br_2$ and Cs_2CuCl_3Br , which, due to site-selective substitution, show a well-ordered halide sublattice. The results for zero magnetic field for these systems as well as for the border compounds x = 0 and x = 4 can be well described by the antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain model, fully consistent with frustration-induced one-dimensional behaviour.

AGjDPG 2: Fund your Research - Fördermöglichkeiten in der Wissenschaft

This session is given partially in English. However, the first two talks will be held in German.

Organized by the Young DPG and the DPG working group on equal opportunities, this session offers a broad overview of the funding possibilities found throughout academia in Germany. We will discuss the who (at which grant authorities) and the how of applying for your research funding. The latter also includes information on which funding program is suitable for whom.

In succession, funding programs from the German Research Foundation, the Federal Government and the German Academic Exchange Service will be presented. Finally, essential aspects of a successful application will be discussed. The session will be rounded off by an informal get-together with the speakers over snacks. All participants are warmly invited.

Time: Tuesday 14:00-16:00

Invited TalkAGjDPG 2.1Tue 14:00HSZ 02Vom Antrag zur Finanzierung - Fördermöglichkeiten derDFG — •KARIN ZACH — Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft, 53175Bonn

Sie überlegen, ob Sie nach Ihrer Promotion in der Wissenschaft bleiben wollen? Welche Wege gibt es? Wie sind die Finanzierungsmöglichkeiten? Worauf sollten Sie achten? Im Vortrag werden Fördermöglichkeiten der Deutschen Forschungsgemeinschaft vorgestellt, vom Forschungsstipendium für einen Auslandaufenthalt über Projekte im Einzelverfahren mit Finanzierung der eigenen Stelle bis zum Emmy Noether-Programm. Was müssen Sie bedenken, wenn Sie sich um Fördermittel bewerben? Wie sind die Entscheidungswege? Es werden aus der Erfahrung langjähriger DFG-Tätigkeit aber auch Fragen aufgezeigt, die Sie sich im Vorfeld selbst stellen sollten, um Möglichkeiten abzuwägen und für sich den besten Karriereweg zu finden.

Location: HSZ 02

Invited TalkAGjDPG 2.2Tue 14:30HSZ 02Die Fördermöglichkeiten des Bundes für Forschungsprojek-
te und den innovativen Mittelstand — •ALEXANDRA BENDER —
Förderberatung "Forschung und Innovation" des Bundes

Dieser Vortrag richtet sich an diejenigen, die sich über die Fördermöglichkeiten des Bundes für Forschungs- und Entwicklungsprojekte informieren wollen. Es werden allgemeine Rahmenbedingungen der Forschungsförderung des Bundes sowie zwei ausgewählte Förderprogramme des Bundesministeriums für Bildung und Forschung vorgestellt. Mit dem Förderprogramm "VIP+ - Validierung des technologischen und gesellschaftlichen Potenzials wissenschaftlicher Forschung" sollen Vorhaben gefördert werden, die das Innovationspotenzial vorhandener Forschungsergebnisse aus der Grundlagenforschung prüfen, nachweisen und bewerten sowie mögliche Anwendungsbereiche erschließen. Mit "KMU-innovativ" werden innovative kleine und mittelständische Unternehmen bei der Durchführung anspruchsvoller Forschungsprojekte auch in Kooperation mit öffentlichen Hochschulen und Forschungseinrichtungen unterstützt. Die Förderberatung "Forschung und Innovation" des Bundes bietet als Erstanlaufstelle die Möglichkeit einer individuellen Beratung zur Zuordnung von Projektideen und zu allen weiteren Fragen der Forschungs- und Innovationsförderung des Bundes. Dieses Serviceangebot wird in diesem Beitrag näher vorgestellt.

Invited TalkAGjDPG 2.3Tue 15:00HSZ 02Funding Opportunities Provided by the German AcademicExchange Service (DAAD) — •HOLGER FINKEN — DAAD,Kennedyallee 50, 53175 Bonn

Researchers international mobility is key to the successful advancement of science. The German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD) has been offering support schemes for scientists and scholars since its foundation as a grass-root movement in 1925, both for Germans wishing to study and/or do research abroad and for foreign academics wishing to do the same in Germany. The presentation will discuss DAAD programmes suitable for German and international postdocs, in particular P.R.I.M.E. (Postdoctoral Researchers International Mobility Experience), a hitherto EU-supported programme open to all nationalities, as well as other funding schemes. The paper will give an overview of funding details, application procedures, selection criteria, and recent results.

Invited TalkAGjDPG 2.4Tue 15:30HSZ 02Crafting a competitive grant application.- • TOBIASKLOSE --Max Planck Society, Munich, Germany

Dealing with a grant application is as central to scientific success as it is to have a good project setup. But in the struggle to get your slice of the pie, writing a grant proposal can make or break regardless to how good or innovative your idea is. Many candidates stagger by making needless mistakes, with project plans being overambitious, full of nerdy talk, or when the presented storyline is plain beyond understanding.

This talk offers a birds-eye view on good project design and the backbone of every grant application, dives into styles of writing and shows why scientific storytelling is the key. As grant proposals have a different purpose and aim at a completely different target group than an annual business report or a scientific paper addressed to peers, the intention is to pass on a tool-box, so your next proposal stands a good chance of getting a positive review.

Holding a degree in Performing Arts, Media and Cultural Management, in his career Tobias has ever since been passionate about project storytelling. He has worked in PR, as International Relations Manager at Filmakademie Baden-Württemberg, before joining the Outreach team as Project Manager at the University of Witten/Herdecke, a pioneer among Germany's higher education institutions. Since 2013 he is consultant in the Development unit at Max Planck Society headquarters in Munich, closely working with Max Planck Institutes on funding, and consulting on strategic project design for grant applications targeted at trusts and foundations.

AGjDPG 3: EinsteinSlam

Der EinsteinSlam findet auch dieses Jahr wieder auf der Frühjahrstagung der SKM statt.

Du möchtest deine eigene Forschung einem großen, fachfremden Publikum auf unterhaltsame Weise vorstellen? Dann ist das deine Chance! Bewerbungen sind bis zum 26. Februar unter http://einsteinslam.de möglich!

Time: Tuesday 20:00–22:00 EinsteinSlam Location: HSZ 01

Location: HSZ 301

AGjDPG 4: Workshop on crafting the story of a competitive grant application

Time: Wednesday 9:30-12:30

Tutorial AGjDPG 4.1 Wed 9:30 HSZ 301 Workshop on crafting the story of a competitive grant application. — ●TOBIAS KLOSE — Max Planck Society, Munich, Germany This workshop applies the birds-eye view on grant applications of the earlier presentation *Crafting a competitive grant application*. This is the hands-on part! To have everyone on the same page, workshop attendees are highly recommended to attend the presentation! The workshop is set up as a deep dive, and here we will get our hands a little dirty. To get you the most out of this workshop, please hand in both a project title and a half-pager synopsis (approx. 150 words). The examples will be rendered, anonymized, and we will then chew on the examples and discuss. So if you have a project in the making, this is your chance to reach out to your peers and get the most valuable feedback! Therefore, only 20 workshop seats are available. Registration (http://tagungen.jdpg.de) starts March 5, please submit your project synopsis online until March 10, 2017.

Holding a degree in Performing Arts, Media and Cultural Management, in his career Tobias has ever since been passionate about project storytelling. He has worked in PR, as International Relations Manager at Filmakademie Baden-Württemberg, before joining the Outreach team as Project Manager at the University of Witten/Herdecke, a pioneer among Germany's higher education institutions. Since 2013 he is consultant in the Development unit at Max Planck Society headquarters in Munich, closely working with Max Planck Institutes on funding, and consulting on strategic project design for grant applications targeted at trusts and foundations.

AGjDPG 5: Projekt Startup

Time: Wednesday 15:00–18:00

Location: HSZ 301

Tutorial	AGjDPG 5.1	Wed 15:00	HSZ 301								
$\mathbf{Projekt \; Startup} - ullet \mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{ARCO} \; \mathbf{R} \circ \mathbf{S} \mathrm{LER}} - \mathrm{dresden} \mathrm{exists}$											

Ein eigenes Unternehmen zu gründen, ist deine Vision? Unternehmer sein deine Passion? Dann bist du im Workshop *Projekt Startup* ge-

nau richtig. Hier erfährst du, worauf es bei einer Unternehmensgründung ankommt und wie du von einer ersten Idee zu einem tragfähigen Business gelangst. Du lernst, aus welchen Bausteinen ein Geschäftsmodell besteht, wie du es erstellen kannst und was sonst noch auf dem Weg zum erfolgreichen Unternehmer wichtig ist.