Symposium Topological Superconductor-Magnet Heterostructures (SYTS)

jointly organised by the Low Temperature Physics Division (TT), the Magnetism Division (MA), and the Metal and Material Physics Division (MM)

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Superconductivity and magnetism have been usually regarded, in a rather pessimistic sense, as antagonistic. Nevertheless, phenomena arising from the competition between them have captivated physicists for almost a century. Nowadays, we are at the verge of a paradigm shift where we can embrace the synergy between superconductivity and magnetism. In fact, owing to recent advances in sample fabrication together with guiding principles from topology, it is now possible to engineer novel superconductor-magnet hybrid systems. These are unique platforms for exotic topological states whose fascinating properties can be exploited, for example, for topological quantum computing. The goal of this symposium is to bring together the community of this burgeoning field to strengthen the communication line between theorists and experimentalists from various divisions, to collaboratively identify challenges and set the research agenda for the coming years.

Overview of Invited Talks and Sessions

(Lecture hall HSZ 01)

Invited Talks

SYTS 1.1	Thu	15:00-15:30	HSZ 01	Blending of superconductivity and magnetism via topological soli-
				$tons - \bullet Christos Panagopoulos$
SYTS 1.2	Thu	15:30 - 16:00	HSZ 01	Topological landscaping in magnet-superconductor heterostructures
				— •Sebastián A. Díaz
SYTS 1.3	Thu	16:00-16:30	HSZ 01	Experimental study of minigaps and end states in bottom-up de-
				signed multi-orbital Shiba chains — \bullet JENS WIEBE
SYTS 1.4	Thu	16:45 - 17:15	HSZ 01	Quantum spins and hybridization in artificially-constructed chains
				of magnetic adatoms on superconducting $2\text{H-NbSe}_2 - \bullet$ KATHARINA
				J. Franke
SYTS 1.5	Thu	17:15-17:45	HSZ 01	Braiding of Majorana zero modes — •STEPHAN RACHEL

Sessions

SYTS 1.1–1.5	Thu	15:00-17:45	HSZ 01	Topological Superconductor-Magnet Heterostructures
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SYTS 1: Topological Superconductor-Magnet Heterostructures

Time: Thursday 15:00-17:45

Invited Talk SYTS 1.1 Thu 15:00 HSZ 01 Blending of superconductivity and magnetism via topological solitons — •CHRISTOS PANAGOPOULOS — Nanyang Technological University, Singapore

Topological solitons and quantum mechanics have been intertwined for the past 60 years. Even before the term soliton had been coined, Abrikosov theory predicted the formation of vortices in the phase field of superconductors, an exemplar exposition of macroscopic quantum coherence. Recent work shows that solitons are in fact a timely and promising platform for quantum operations. I will demonstrate the viability of using spin topology to influence a superconductor at selective length scales through a completely new material architecture namely, a stack of magnets and a superconductor that shows stable vortices above elongated chiral spin textures, as well as isolated skyrmions. This is an ideal geometry for fluxonics and chiral superconductivity, as well as quantum processes such as non-perturbative, non-contact Majorana braiding.

Invited Talk SYTS 1.2 Thu 15:30 HSZ 01 Topological landscaping in magnet-superconductor heterostructures — •SEBASTIÁN A. DÍAZ — University of Duisburg-Essen, Duisburg, Germany

Magnet-superconductor heterostructures, due to the rich interplay between their adjacent order parameters, are fertile grounds for novel topological phenomena. Our theoretical studies demonstrate that topological defects in the magnetic order parameter lend themselves as versatile tools to landscape the superconducting order and its topological excitations. A chain of antiferromagnetic skyrmions induces topological superconductivity and supports Majorana bound states the building blocks of topological quantum computing [1]. Ferromagnetic skyrmions coupled to superconducting vortices form a bound pair that can be used to braid Majorana bound states [2]. These findings strongly suggest that magnet-superconductor heterostructures are ideal arenas to further explore how magnetism and superconductivity influence each other to engineer and manipulate their order parameters and topological excitations.

S. A. Díaz et al., Phys. Rev. B 104, 214501 (2021)
J. Nothhelfer et al., Phys. Rev. B 105, 224509 (2022)

Invited TalkSYTS 1.3Thu 16:00HSZ 01Experimental study of minigaps and end states in bottom-updesigned multi-orbital Shiba chains — •JENS WIEBE — Universität Hamburg, Department of Physics, 20355Hamburg, Germany

Chains of transition-metal atoms on *s*-wave superconductors evoke multiorbital Shiba bands inside the gap of the substrate. If a spin-orbit coupled band overlaps with the Fermi energy, a topologically nontrivial minigap may open up which can potentially host Majorana bound states at the chain's ends. We study atom-by-atom fabricated chains with respect to such phenomena [1]. Most recent strategies in order to increase the width of topological minigaps [2,3] and experimental methods to decide on the Majorana nature of close-to-zero-energy end states [4] will be presented.

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[1] L. Schneider et al., Nature Physics 17, 943 (2021)

[2] P. Beck et al., arXiv:2205.10062 [cond-mat.supr-con] (2022)

[3] P. Beck et al., arXiv:2205.10073 [cond-mat.supr-con] (2022)

[4] L. Schneider et al., arXiv:2211.00561v1 [cond-mat.supr-con]

$15~\mathrm{min.}$ break

Invited TalkSYTS 1.4Thu 16:45HSZ 01Quantum spins and hybridization in artificially-constructed
chains of magnetic adatoms on superconducting 2H-NbSe2— •KATHARINA J. FRANKE — Freie Universität Berlin, Berlin, Ger-
many

Magnetic adatom chains on superconducting substrates are promising platforms for topological superconductivity and Majorana zero modes. Signatures of these have been found in densely packed chains with direct exchange interaction among the adatoms. Theoretical predictions suggest chains, where the atoms are sufficiently far spaced that direct hybridization of their d orbitals is negligible, but close enough for substrate-mediated interactions, as an alternative platform.

We build such chains from individual Fe atoms on a 2H-NbSe₂ substrate using the tip of a scanning tunneling microscope. In each step we track the evolution of the Yu-Shiba-Rusinov (YSR) states. We find signatures of quantum-spin behavior and YSR band formation consistent with ferromagnetic coupling [1,2].

 E. Liebhaber, L. M. Rütten, G. Reecht, J. F. Steiner, S. Rohlf, K. Rossnagel, F. von Oppen, K. J. Franke, Nat. Commun. 13, 2160 (2022)

[2] J. F. Steiner, C. Mora, K. J. Franke, F. von Oppen, Phys. Rev. Lett. 128, 036801 (2022)

Invited Talk SYTS 1.5 Thu 17:15 HSZ 01 Braiding of Majorana zero modes — •STEPHAN RACHEL — School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Australia

There has been tremendous experimental progress in recent years in establishing magnet-superconductor hybrid (MSH) systems as a promising platform for Majorana physics.

In the first part of this talk, I will discuss MSH structures with Re or Nb as a superconducting substrate, and Fe or Mn as magnetic adatoms. In particular, I will illustrate the theoretical challenges to simulate and understand the topological superconductivity and their concomitant Majorana modes in such materials

In the second part of this talk, I will explain our first steps to investigate the braiding of Majorana zero modes. In particular, I will focus on braiding errors which can be introduced from sources such as quasiparticle poisoning and Majorana hybridization, and how these error rates behave in a full quasiparticle background.

Location: HSZ 01